I claim:

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1. A method for prophylactically reducing the risk of transmission of a specific virus to a recipient and protecting the recipient from infection by the specific virus comprising topically applying to an appropriate site on the recipient a specific virus prophylactic effective amount of a compound having the structure

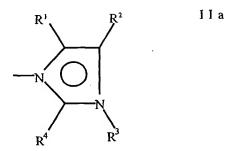
wherein each

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- A may be the same or different and is an alkyl group, a phenyl group or a substituted derivative of a phenyl group;
- may be the same or different and is hydrogen, an unbranched alkyl group, a halide or a group having the structure halide or a group, an alkyl group, or OH;
 - B may be the same or different and each is hydrogen or an alkyl group;
 - Z is a soluble, pharmaceutically acceptable negative ion, and

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X may be the same or different and is an axial ligand selected from the group consisting of moieties having the formula:



wherein R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ may be the same or different and may be hydrogen or lower alkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

- with the proviso that R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are of a sufficiently small size so as not to prohibit the attachment of the axial ligand to the Co atom due to steric hindrance.
 - 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the specific virus is selected from the group consisting of adenovirus, human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), human papillomavirus (HPV) and varicella-zoster virus.
- 10 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the appropriate site is that site on the recipient which is exposed to the specific virus.
 - 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the compound is applied to a mucus membrane of the recipient.
- 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the compound is applied to the eye.
 - 6. The method of claim 1 wherein the compound is applied to

the respiratory tract of the recipient.

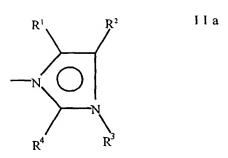
- 7. The method of claim 1 wherein the compound is applied from 8 hours before to about 6 hours after exposure to the specific virus.
- 8. The method of claim 1 wherein the compound is applied from about 1 hour before to about 6 hours after exposure to the specific virus.
 - 9. The method of claim 1 wherein the compound is applied from about 5 minutes before to about 5 minutes after exposure to the specific virus.
- 10. The method of claim 1 wherein the virus is a specific adenovirus selected from the group consisting of Ad1, Ad2, Ad3, Ad4, Ad5, Ad6, Ad7, Ad8, Ad11, Ad14, Ad19, Ad21, Ad34, Ad35, Ad37, Ad40 and Ad41.
 - 11. The method of claim 1 wherein the compound is Compound 96.
- 12. The method of claim 1 wherein the step of topically applying the compound is performed by contacting the recipient with an aerosol of the15 compound.

13. A method for disinfecting a liquid containing a specific virus comprising adding to the liquid a specific virus prophylactic effective amount of a compound having the structure

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wherein each

- 5 A may be the same or different and is an alkyl group, a phenyl group or a substituted derivative of a phenyl group;
 - may be the same or different and is hydrogen, an unbranched alkyl group, a halide or a group having the structure halide or a group, an alkyl group, or OH;
- may be the same or different and each is hydrogen or an alkyl group;
 - Z is a soluble, pharmaceutically acceptable negative ion, and
 - X may be the same or different and is an axial ligand selected from the group consisting of moieties having the formula:



wherein R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ may be the same or different and may be hydrogen or lower alkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

with the proviso that R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are of a sufficiently small size so as not to prohibit the attachment of the axial ligand to the Co atom due to steric hindrance.

- 5 14. The method of claim 13 wherein the specific virus is selected from the group consisting of adenovirus, human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), human papillomavirus (HPV) and varicella-zoster virus.
 - 15. The method of claim 13 wherein the compound is added in an amount of about 0.00005 to about 5% by weight of the liquid.
- 16. The method of claim 13 wherein the compound is added in an amount of about 0.005 to about 5% by weight of the liquid.
 - 17. The method of claim 13 wherein the compound is added in an amount of about 0.005 to about 2% by weight of the liquid.
- 18. The method of claim 13 wherein the compound is added in an amount of about 0.01 to about 2% by weight of the liquid.
 - 19. The method of claim 13 wherein the liquid is a growth media

or a blood-derived product.

- 20. The method of claim 2 wherein the virus is a specific Human Immunodeficiency Virus selected from the group consisting of HIV-1 and HIV-2.
- 21. The method of claim 2 wherein the specific virus is selected from the group consisting of HPV-1, HPV-2, HPV-3, HPV-4, HPV-6, HPV-7, HPV-10, HPV-11, HPV-16, HPV-18, HPV-31 and HPV-45.